

Lecture 20 - Nov 18

Inheritance

instanceof vs. Compileable Cast
instanceof vs. ClassCastException Freedom
Call by Value and Inheritance

Announcements/Reminders

- Today's class: notes template posted
- **Lab4** due soon
- **WrittenTest2** **guide** and **example questions**
 - + In-person review session: 3 PM on Tuesday @ R N203
 - + Notes on Type Casting
- Online Course Evaluation

x

instance of

Y

can fulfill, dynamically, exp. of

D.T.

an expression denoting some object
e.g., x , $A[i]$

Compiles iff
 $(Y) x$ compiles
upward or downward cast.

a class name.

usually used
never pattern for
a subsequent cast.

no CCE!!

$x \rightsquigarrow$ $x \text{ is } D.T.$

$\hookrightarrow$ evaluates to Boolean (True or False)

$\hookrightarrow$ True iff (1) D.T. of x can fulfill exp. of

(2) D.T. of x is descendant of Y

(3) Y is ancestor of D.T. of x

false otherwise

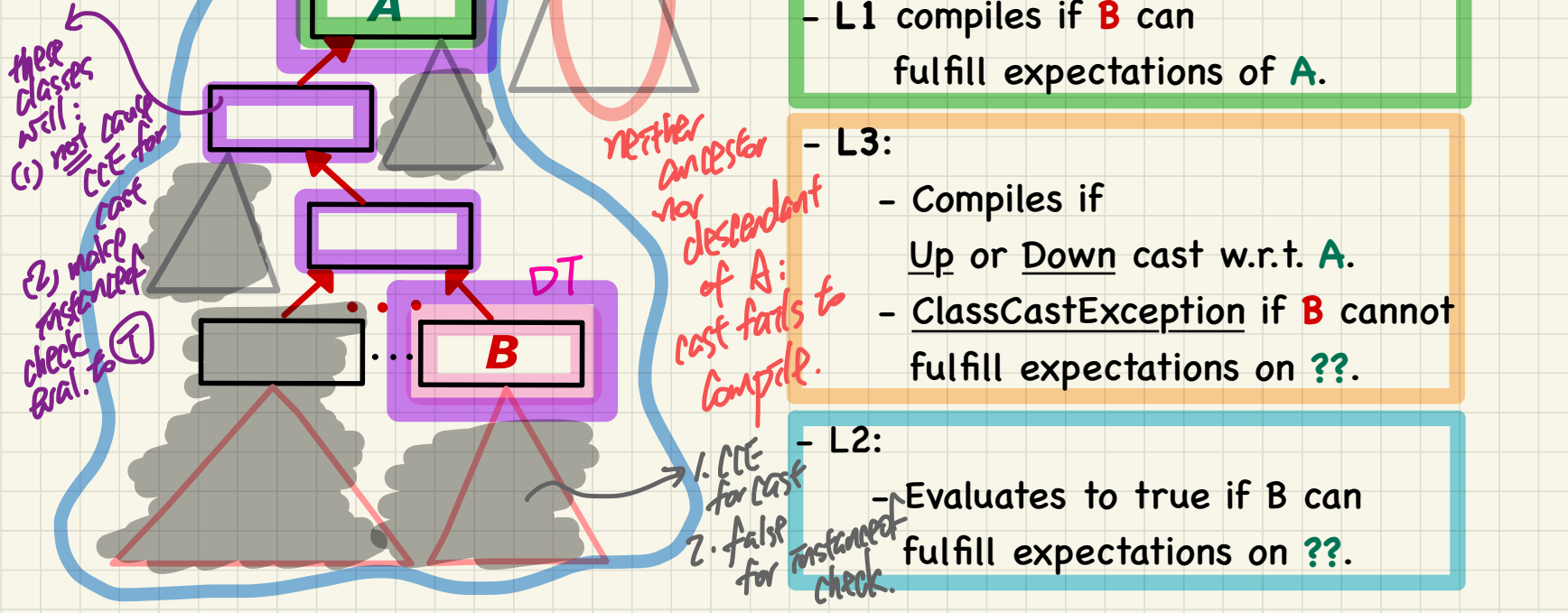
$\hookrightarrow$ if true, then it's safe to execute $(Y) x$

Assume:
both exp. compile

	DT of x fullfil $\text{exp}(x)$	$\neg$ (DT of x fullfil $\text{exp}(x)$)
x instance of Y	true	false.
$(\underline{Y}) \ x$	type cast succeeds, creating an alias of Y	CCE!

The instanceof Operator

* Compiles if
(??) obj Compiles



```
1 A obj = new B();  
2 if (obj instanceof ??) {  
3     ?? obj2 = (??) obj;  
}
```

- L1 compiles if **B** can fulfill expectations of **A**.

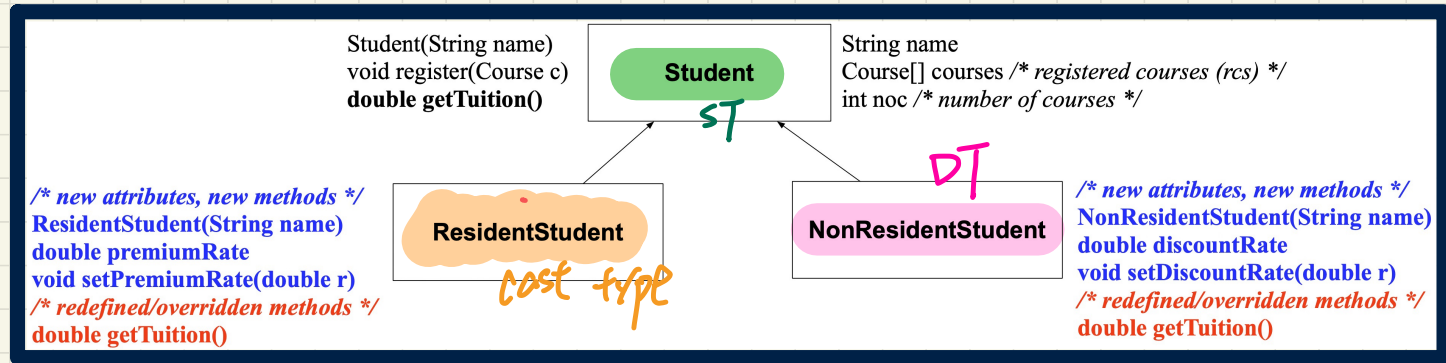
- L3:

- Compiles if Up or Down cast w.r.t. **A**.
- ClassCastException if **B** cannot fulfill expectations on ??.

- L2:

- Evaluates to true if B can fulfill expectations on ??.

Checking Dynamic Types at Runtime (1)



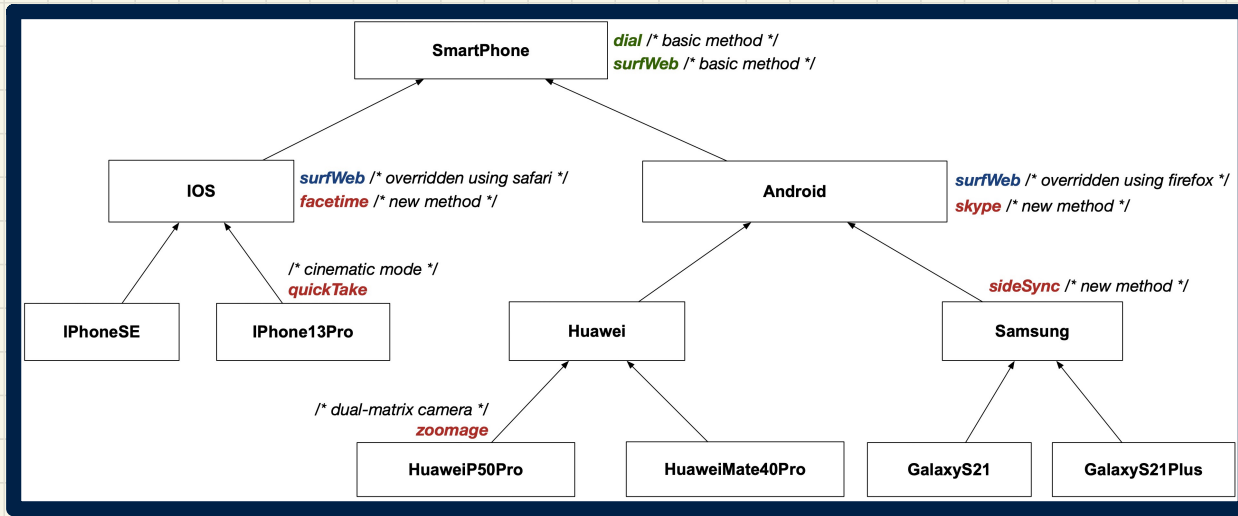
```
1 Student jim = new NonResidentStudent("J. Davis");
2 if (jim instanceof ResidentStudent) {
3     ResidentStudent rs = (ResidentStudent) jim;
4     rs.setPremiumRate(1.5);
5 }
```

1. compile? downward cast
2. CCE!
∵ DT NRS not descendant of cast type RS.

.....bypassed, preventing CCE from happening!!
can jim's DT fulfill the exp(RS)
↳ NO → false

Checking Dynamic Types at Runtime (2)

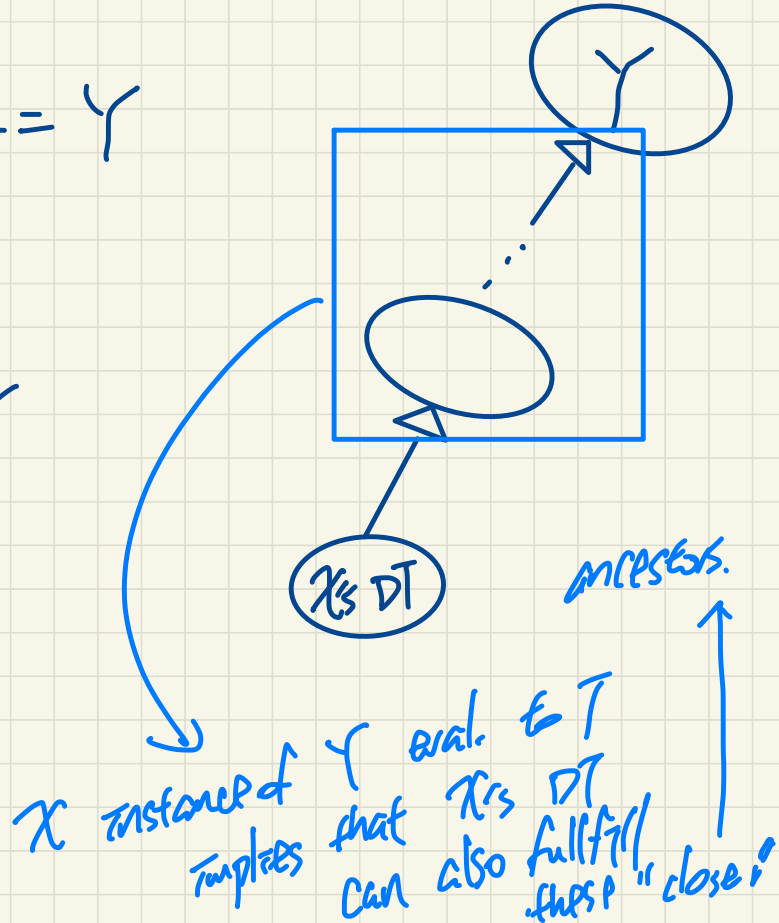
ExercisP



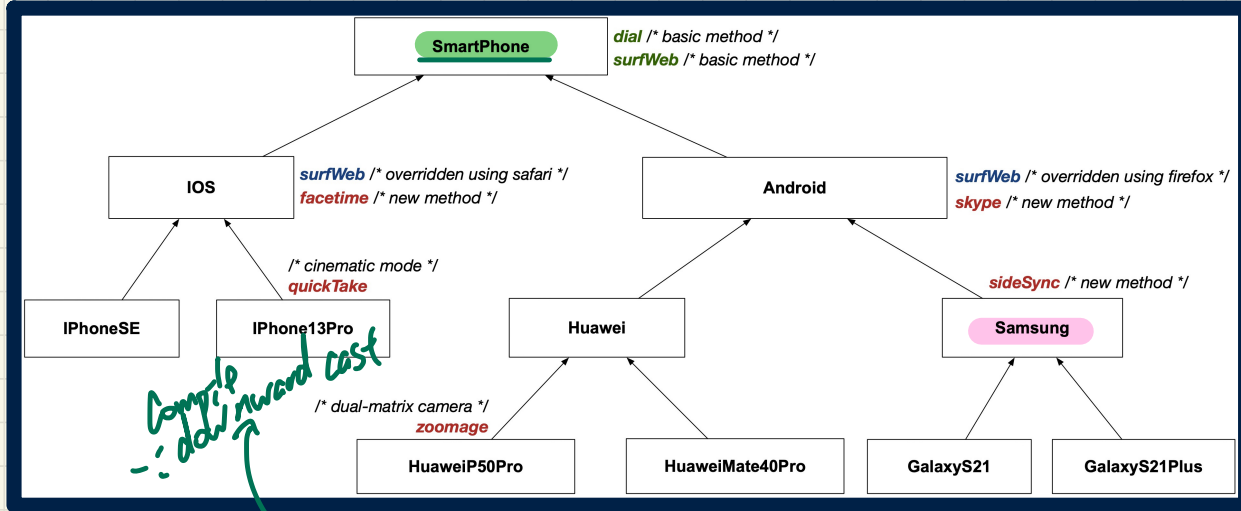
```
1 SmartPhone aPhone = new GalaxyS21Plus();
2 if (aPhone instanceof IPhone13Pro) {
3     IOS forHeeyeon = (IPhone13Pro) aPhone;
4     forHeeyeon.facetime();
5 }
```

$x.getClass() == Y$
DT of x

x instance of Y
DT of x



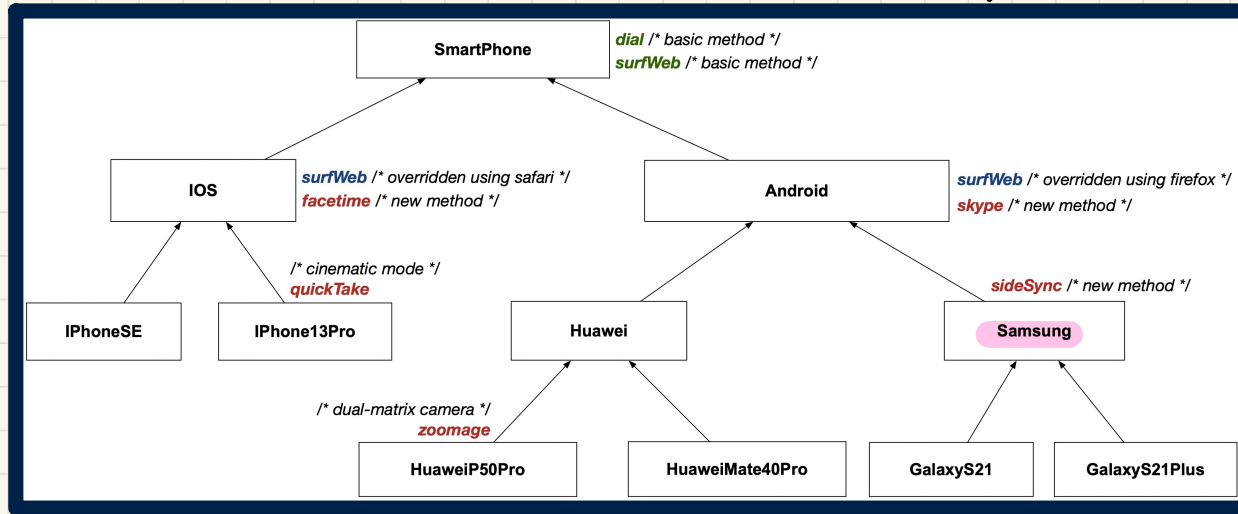
Use of the instanceof Operator



```
SmartPhone myPhone = new Samsung();
println(myPhone instanceof Android); (T)
println(myPhone instanceof Samsung); (T)
println(myPhone instanceof GalaxyS21); (F)
println(myPhone instanceof IOS); (F)
println(myPhone instanceof iPhone13Pro); (F)
```

myPhone instanceof ??
evaluates to true if
Samsung can
fulfill expectations on ??.

Safe Cast via Use of the instanceof Operator



```
1 SmartPhone myPhone = new Samsung();
2 /* ST of myPhone is SmartPhone: DT of myPhone is Samsung */
3 if(myPhone instanceof Samsung) {
4     Samsung samsung = (Samsung) myPhone;
5 }
6 if(myPhone instanceof GalaxyS21Plus) {
7     XGalaxyS21Plus galaxy = (GalaxyS21Plus) myPhone;
8 }
9 if(myPhone instanceof HuaweiMate40Pro) {
10    XHuawei hw = (HuaweiMate40Pro) myPhone;
11 }
```

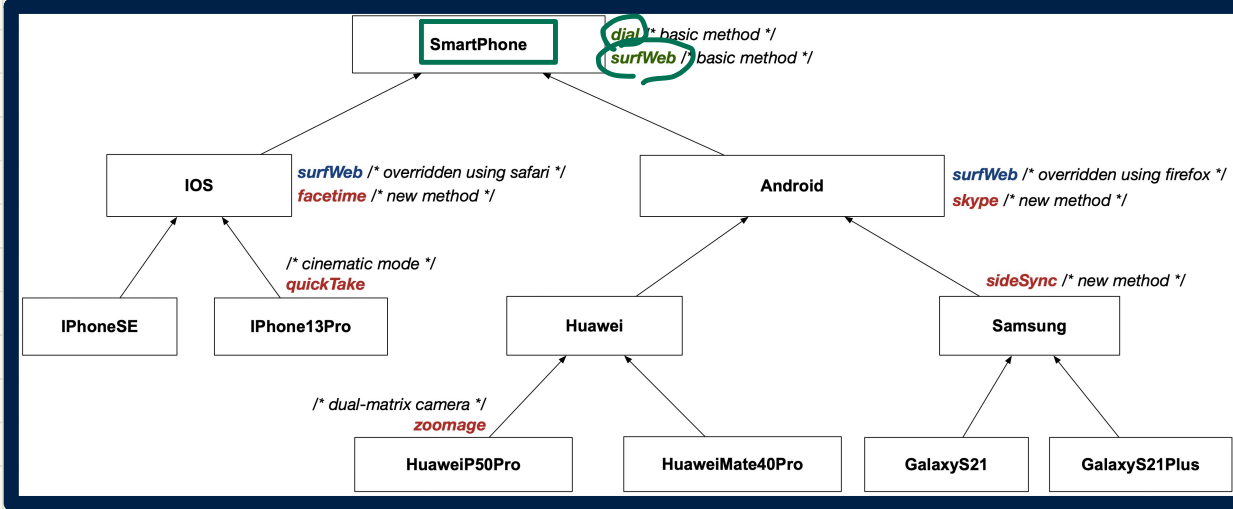
no CCE

bypassed

CCE prevented!

myPhone instanceof ??
evaluates to true if
Samsung can
fulfill expectations on ??.

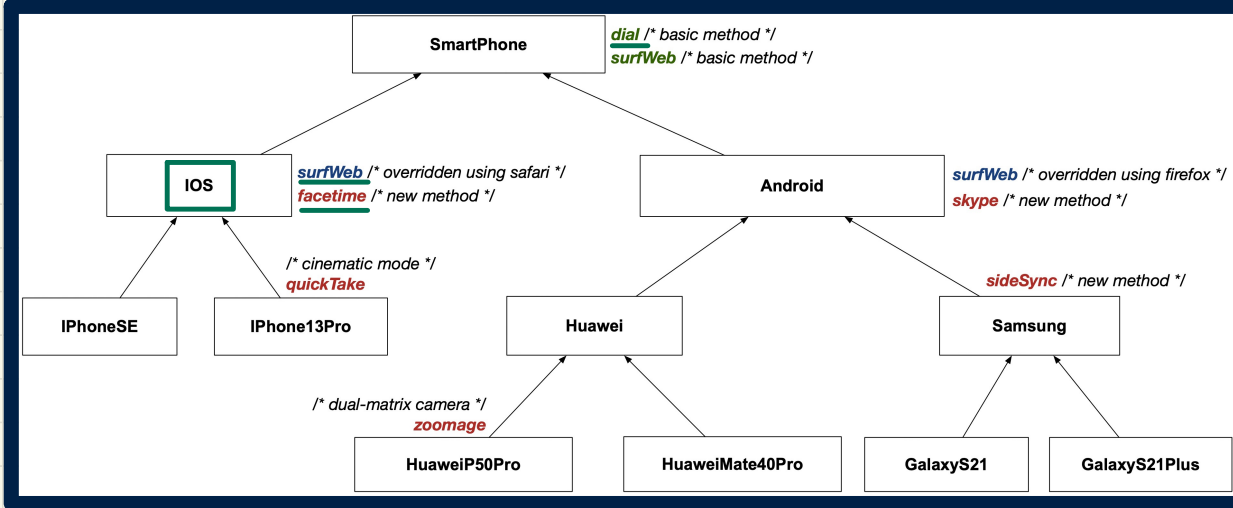
Static Types, Casts, Polymorphism (1)



```
class SmartPhone {
    void dial() { ... }
}
class IOS extends SmartPhone {
    void facetime() { ... }
}
class iPhone13Pro extends IOS {
    void quickTake() { ... }
}
```

```
1 SmartPhone sp = new iPhone13Pro();
2 sp.dial(); ✓
3 sp.facetime(); ✗
4 sp.quickTake(); ✗
```

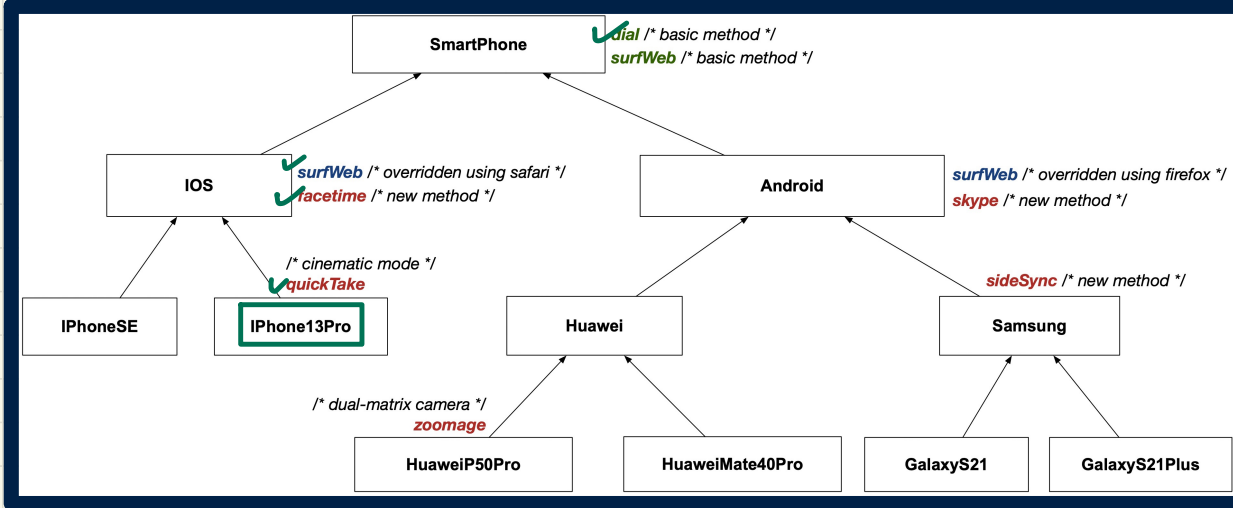
Static Types, Casts, Polymorphism (2)



```
class SmartPhone {
    void dial() { ... }
}
class IOS extends SmartPhone {
    void facetime() { ... }
}
class iPhone13Pro extends IOS {
    void quickTake() { ... }
}
```

```
1 IOS ip = new iPhone13Pro();
2 ip.dial(); ✓
3 ip.facetime(); ✓
4 ip.quickTake(); ✗
```

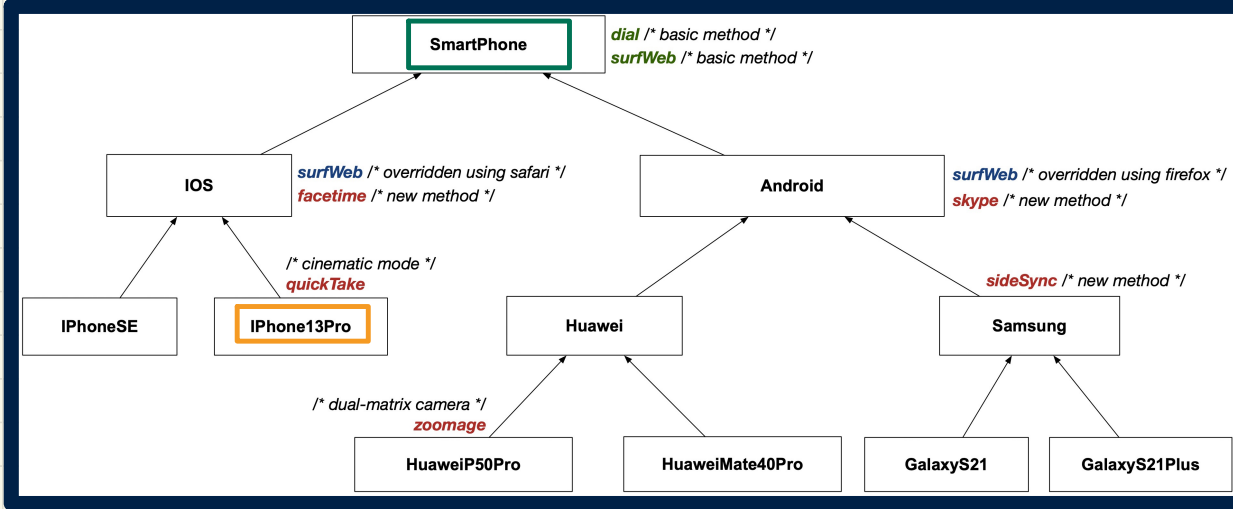
Static Types, Casts, Polymorphism (3)



```
class SmartPhone {
    void dial() { ... }
}
class IOS extends SmartPhone {
    void facetime() { ... }
}
class iPhone13Pro extends IOS {
    void quickTake() { ... }
}
```

```
1 iPhone13Pro ip6sp = new iPhone13Pro();
2 ip6sp.dial();
3 ip6sp.facetime();
4 ip6sp.quickTake();
```

Static Types, Casts, Polymorphism (4)

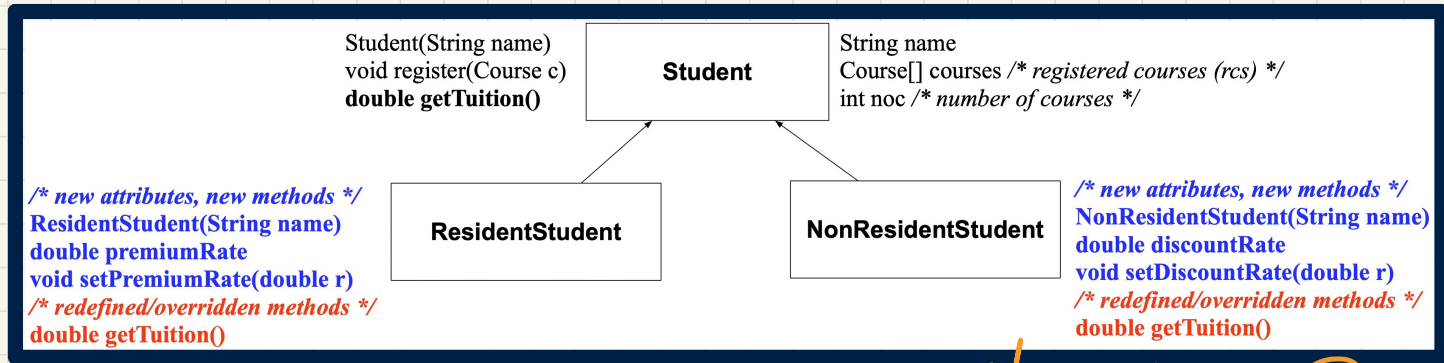


```
class SmartPhone {
    void dial() { ... }
}
class IOS extends SmartPhone {
    void facetime() { ... }
}
class iPhone13Pro extends IOS {
    void quickTake() { ... }
}
```

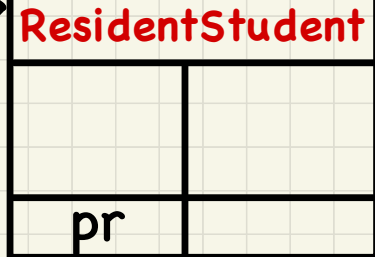
```
1 SmartPhone sp = new iPhone13Pro();
2 ((iPhone13Pro) sp).dial(); ✓
3 ((iPhone13Pro) sp).facetime(); ✓
4 ((iPhone13Pro) sp).quickTake(); ✓
```

last compiler
(exp has ST: IP13Pro)

Static Types, Casts, Polymorphism (5)



Student s



```
Course eecs2030 = new Course("EECS2030", 500.0);
Student s = new ResidentStudent("Jim");
s.register(eecs2030);
if (s instanceof ResidentStudent) {
    ((ResidentStudent) s).setPremiumRate(1.75);
    System.out.println(((ResidentStudent) s).getTuition());
}
```

Call by Value

Callee

```
class C {  
    void m( $T_1$  param) {  
        ...  
    }  
}
```

call by value: $\text{param} = \text{arg}$
 $SF: T_1$ $SF: T_2$

Caller

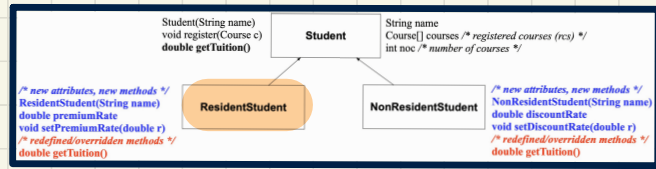
```
C obj = new C();  
 $T_2$  arg = ...;  
obj.m(arg);
```

* Rule of substitutions

- (1) T_2 fulfills $\text{exp}(T_1)$
- (2) T_2 descendant of T_1

Polymorphic Parameters (1)

each element of array has ST Student.



```

1 class StudentManagementSystem {
2     Student[] ss; /* ss[i] has static type Student */ int c;
3     void addRS(ResidentStudent rs) { ss[c] = rs; c++; }
4     void addNRS(NonResidentStudent nrs) { ss[c] = nrs; c++; }
5     void addStudent(Student s) { ss[c] = s; c++; } }
    
```

Q. Static type of ss[0], ss[1], ..., ss[ss.length - 1]?

ST: Student.

Q. In method addRS, does ss[c] = rs compile?

ST: RS

ST: ?

compiles if ? is descendant of RS.

ST: Student

ST: RS

Q. Under what circumstances can the following method call be valid/compilable?

Student s1, s2;

sms.addRS(o)

→

under what condition does this method call compile?

Polymorphic Parameters (2)

call to this method only compiles if the ST of avg. is descendant of ST of param (CRS)

```
1 class StudentManagementSystem {
2     Student [] ss; /* ss[i] has static type Student */ int c;
3     void addRS(ResidentStudent rs) { ss[c] = rs; c++; }
4     void addNRS(NonResidentStudent nrs) { ss[c] = nrs; c++; }
5     void addStudent(Student s) { ss[c] = s; c++; } }
```

```
Student s1 = new Student();
Student s2 = new ResidentStudent();
Student s3 = new NonResidentStudent();
ResidentStudent rs = new ResidentStudent();
NonResidentStudent nrs = new NonResidentStudent();
StudentManagementSystem sms = new StudentManagementSystem();
```

avg with ST a descendant of Student compiles

call by value: $rs = s1$

ST: RS $\rightarrow$ ST: S

$rs = rs \rightarrow$ ST: RS

C.L.V: $rs = nrs$ X

```
1 sms.addRS(s1); X
2 sms.addRS(s2); X
3 sms.addRS(s3); X
4 sms.addRS(rs); ✓
5 sms.addRS(nrs); X
6 sms.addStudent(s1); ✓
7 sms.addStudent(s2); ✓
8 sms.addStudent(s3); ✓
9 sms.addStudent(rs); ✓
10 sms.addStudent(nrs); ✓
```

